

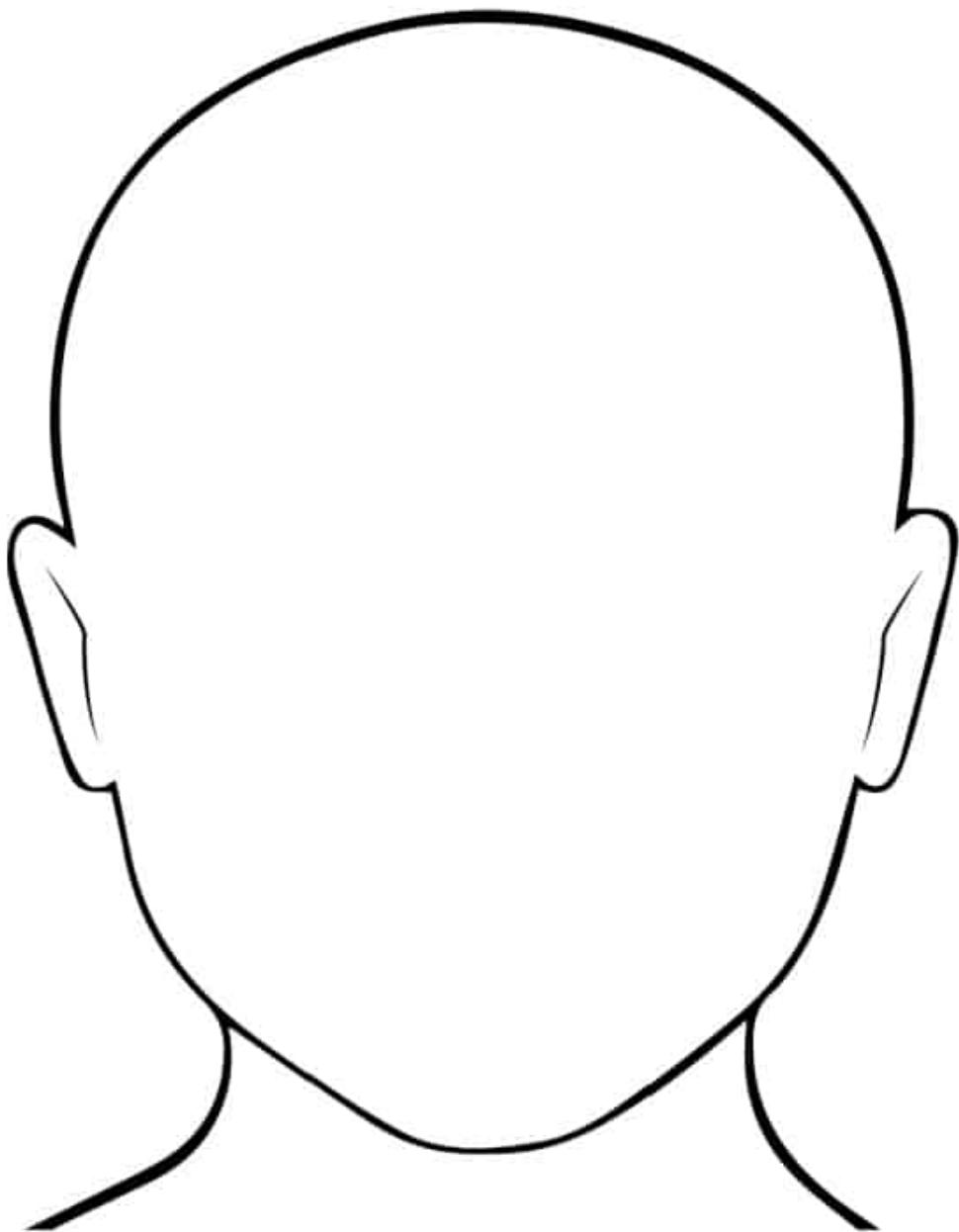


Reflections on Culture, Identity and Individual: Identity Maps | Activity 1

How do you see yourself? How do others see you?

Write words or phrases inside the outline that relate to your own identity or how you see yourself. Use the space outside the drawing to write down words or phrases that describe how you think people might see you.

If you included your communities—groups of people with whom you associate, like family, neighbors, or classmates—where would you place these groups on this map?





Reflections on Culture, Identity and Individual: Step Inside Activity 2

Select a work of art that features people, such as those by Nathan Harrison, Van Suchtelen, or Bigelow, and share the work with your students. Identify the various parts and elements of the artwork, then ask individuals to choose a person and “step inside” their point of view. Invite your students to use their imaginations and respond to the following prompts in writing or in small group discussion using evidence found in the work of art:

- What might this person be thinking?
- What might this person be feeling?
- What might this person care about or value?

Encourage students to share their responses aloud with others, and see whether their classmates can guess the person about whom they might be speaking. Conclude by having a discussion about opportunities or situations when students could slow down and apply these questions in their daily lives. (Adapted from Harvard University Project Zero’s Step Inside thinking routine).



Nathan Harrison, *Shimá Sáni*, watercolor, Artist Personal Collection



Adrian Van Suchtelen, *Ode to Antiquity*, 1980, Ink Print, 10.5 x 13 in. Museums at Union Station, Permanent Art Collection.



Leota and Archie, Self-portrait, Photograph, 1890s



Reflections on Culture, Identity and Individual: Words and Pictures | Activity 3

Many artists, including combine words with pictures in their art. Examine and compare works by these artists with your students. Why might the artist have used text alongside images? Where did they get their images and text, and why might that matter to the meaning of the work of art? What might the overall message of each artwork be? Share information as needed to help deepen your students' understanding of the artworks.

Next, invite your students to explore their own identity using words and pictures. What do they want to communicate or explore about themselves through art? How will the source of their images and text contribute to the meaning of the work? Following the example of Sheppard, students might recontextualize a childhood event or memory, write descriptive and interpretive text, or share a personal story.



Richard Sheppard, *Long Shadows*, Unknown, Mixed Media, 14 x 14.5 in.